

## BARRE DAILY TIMES

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FRANK E. LANGLEY, Publisher

A rainy day is a rare day in September, 1915. But think of the good it will do!

The report that Villa was slain gave too much credit to Mexican marksmanship.

In his bereavement through the death of his mother, Gov. Gates has the sympathy of all Vermont.

John D. Rockefeller has been decorated by Serbia. That's nothing; the American public is pining his house with greenbacks every day.

Ambassador Bernstorff denies that Archibald, the American newspaper man, was his personal emissary to his home government at Berlin. We are ready to agree, knowing that Bernstorff is a better judge of human nature.

The volume on "Poor Boys Who Became Famous" has an addition in the life career of Sir William Van Horne, who started railroad as a laborer in the railroad yards at Joliet, Ill., and who ended as one of the greatest railroad financiers of Canada. Fiction is fairly outdone.

The hotel possibilities in Greenfield, Mass., might be considered fairly good when motorists were compelled by the demand for sleeping accommodations to put up bunks in their own automobiles. Greenfield's hotel facilities seem to be rather inadequate for the rush season at least.

Motorists going to the state fair this week, particularly those going by way of Barre, will not, perhaps, need to be reminded of the fatal accident last year in order to make the traveling as safe as possible. The large number of machines likely to be on the road during the next four days will make a demand for great care.

On one ship alone, 1,400 Italian reservists sailed from Boston last Saturday to join the colors of Italy in her war against Austria. No single nationality of those belligerents represented by sons in the United States is showing more patriotic devotion than the Italian people. They have formed many a regiment for service with the army of their native country. Perhaps the large number enlisting is also due in part to the fact that very many of the Italians residing in the United States were not naturalized American citizens.

If large steamships are so capable of sinking submarines, as the German government seems to believe in the Arabic case negotiations with the United States, one would think that Great Britain would send out a fleet of old ships ready for the junk heap and set them onto the little under-sea terrors, of course, debarring passengers from going aboard the ships. If the unprotected steamers are capable of destroying the submarines, the British might save their warships for other work. The Germans impute wonderful possibilities to steamships of British registry.

Iowa's new anti-tipping law was promptly violated by a state senator who had been an advocate of the bill and also by a supreme court justice who would be expected to interpret the law should any ambiguities develop in the administration of the law. In the light of such pronounced disregard of a measure, how could the common run of people be expected to be guided by the new enactment? Indeed, how could such a law find a standing in public opinion throughout Iowa? Surely, the persons to assist in the enforcement of the law should be those who voted for the enactment of the law. If the public does not get inspiration from them it can scarcely get it anywhere.

Along with Brattleboro, Rutland should be given credit for no little enterprise in putting on a carnival which attracted a great many people to that city last week. To be sure, there were perhaps not so many "free buses" as there were in Brattleboro a few weeks ago, but it seems there was enough of the free shows to make the visitors feel themselves repaid for attending. The carnival cost the people of Rutland, according to the estimate of the Rutland News, between \$2,000 and \$4,000; but the outlay, in the opinion of the contemporary, is effective advertising because it attracts new population, establishes new fields of trade, boosts mercantile and manufacturing interests and helps the values of real estate. The opinion in Rutland is that it pays to spend the money which the carnival costs the people of that city. Rutland is another community which is putting on an annual show and is well pleased with the results of its get-together effort. And there are other communities which are doing something on a smaller scale to advance the interests of Vermont.

A POSSIBLE BREAK WITH AUSTRIA.  
 Nothing could have been made clearer in the official note from the United States to Austria-Hungary regarding its



All this "fuss and feathers" could be saved by a rain coat. Here at \$5 to \$20.

Light to carry on the arm, complete protection on the back.

Our new fall lightweight overcoats are also ready. Yes, many of them cravatented.

Prices \$10, \$15 and \$20.

Umbrellas, \$1 up. They make a good spread for the money.

SPECIAL VALUE in a few men's slip-on coats at \$5.00 and \$7.50.

**F. H. Rogers & Co.**  
 We Clean, Press, and Repair Clothing

Dumba than the fact that the United States wishes to maintain friendly relations with the dual monarchy. All through the note there was a vein of friendly feeling and at the conclusion of the document there was explicit expression of the good will of the United States, while regretting the outcropping of an incident which forced the United States to make demand for Dumba's recall. As in the conduct of all its negotiations since the outbreak of the war, the United States was perfectly open and frank and the note carried no subtle significance. It was merely the expression of the American viewpoint as arrived at without heat and after giving fair chance for Dr. Dumba to clear himself of the entangling lines which his own act had drawn about him. Aside from the shock which must come in such an unusual request from a friendly nation, Austria-Hungary could find nothing in the wording of the note or in the spirit of it that would give offense to a nation of the prominence of the country addressed. Therefore, an intimation that Austria-Hungary would seek retaliation by demanding the recall of Ambassador Penfield, the accredited representative of the United States at Vienna, seems to be wide of the mark. Austria-Hungary would lose rather than gain by such a proceeding, not only in the present situation but in future prestige in the diplomatic field. Consequently, it is to be expected that the dual monarchy will recognize the demand of the United States and in due season send another and more acceptable representative to Washington.

## WEST BERLIN

B. S. Gove was in Northfield Saturday.

Miss Ada Robinson visited friends in Montpelier Friday.

A. H. Cole, who has been quite ill with appendicitis for a week, is a little more comfortable.

Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey and family, who had been visiting his sister, Mrs. B. S. Gove, and family, and other friends in this place, returned home last week.

Mrs. George Patterson from Montpelier and Mrs. Henry Dillingham from Waterbury visited Mrs. E. A. Emerson Saturday.

Miss Myra Libby was in Northfield Falls last Friday evening to attend the corn-roast at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Cross.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Keyes and daughter, Beulah, from Woodsville, N. H., made a short visit to her mother, Mrs. M. J. Ayers, Saturday, returning home Sunday.

Mrs. M. E. Libbey and Mrs. Abbie Parker attended the Northfield fair last week.

Miss Tibbott, Miss Record and Miss Otis, school teachers in this town, were all in Montpelier Saturday.

Chester Ramsdell from Wilder visited his aunt, Miss Corrie Streeter, a short time last week. He is attending Montpelier seminary.

Harry Kelley from Bradford visited Mrs. E. A. Emerson Friday.

Mrs. Sarah Dewey from Montpelier was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Orrin Kimball last week.

Next Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock there will be an exhibit of vegetables and flowers, raised from the seeds given to the school children last spring. Let all come.

The ladies' aid will meet in their hall next Friday afternoon to tie puffs. It is hoped that a good number may be there from 2 to 3 p. m.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Keyes and Mrs. Myra Davis from Barre called on friends in this place Sunday.

Miss Catherine Clark spent Saturday in Montpelier.

## BERLIN

The ladies of the Montpelier road have arranged a lawn party to be held at D. A. Perry's residence Tuesday evening. A committee will serve tea and coffee, and the proceeds will be used for special decorations for the new school building now in course of construction in district No. 6. Everybody invited.

## THE CHURCH AND THE MASSES.

Presentation of What Took Place at Universalist Convention.

Editor, Times: For some time, a great deal has been said and written in church ranks about reaching "the masses," "the laboring class," "the working people." Hence, great interest has been manifested in the effort to get resolutions passed by the different Protestant bodies, expressing sympathy for and interest in the toilers of our land. During the past few months, these have been turned down in many conventions of the churches. The action of the Universalist Convention of Vermont and Quebec, recently held at Chester, thus becomes of exceedingly great interest as a sign of the times.

A resolution, suggested by leaders in the Federation of Labor, was presented with other resolutions regarding temperance, peace, etc. This "labor resolution," as it was called, was signed by eight clergymen, all pastors of large churches in Vermont, and three laymen, and was presented by a trustee of the convention. As passed it read:

"Resolved, That, disavowing allegiance to any political party, we, Universalists of Vermont and Quebec, knowing the terrible evils existing in the industrial fields of the world, will do all in our power to further legislation and other means to insure all humanity safety in the occupation of life, to bring in social insurance, and to secure to all men and women their just share of the product of their labor."

While marked hostility was shown by some of the official force and healthy discussion not a little was brought forth, one interested delegate says, "it came only from a few sources." Socialism was given as a reason why it should not be passed, also that the church keep out of politics. When the vote came, it was easily carried. Yet, strange to say, "the wire was cut," as another delegate and clergyman said, and, while many press reports noted temperance and peace in their headlines on the convention, this important step was not even mentioned, one official saying "People might interpret it wrong."

The fact remains, however, that a large majority of the people are educated to the point of being anxious that the church should enter into the fight for a better day, when exploitation of mankind shall cease. When it is remembered that, beginning in 1828, in the same Universalist convention, resolutions against slavery were "quickly" voted down and it was resolved that no "political" subjects be discussed; in 1842, slavery an evil, but disavowing "political" abolition; in 1851, laying on the table of resolution against fugitive slave law; in 1852, declared duty to God higher than that to "powers that be" regarding same law; in 1853, declared that all moral efforts will be used to abolish slavery. When this 15 years of struggle is noted, it is indeed hopeful that the first resolution against to-day's industrial evil was passed. One interested.

## WAITSFIELD

Mrs. Alice Stevens of Holyoke, Mass., is a guest of Mrs. Bert Loveland.

There was no session in the high school Wednesday, in order that pupils might attend the Northfield fair.

Union prayer meeting at the Congregational church Thursday night.

Miss Hilda Ryle of Lebanon, N. H., is a guest at Joe Niell's.

Mr. and Mrs. Ned Newcomb are the parents of a five-pound boy, born Sunday, Sept. 5, at Heaton hospital.

S. J. Bonnette and wife are visiting relatives in Lyndonville.

Miss Helen Bisbee went Saturday to Boston, where she will enter Boston university.

Mrs. Arthur Bailey and son of Waterbury are at John Maxwell's.

James Ryle of Montpelier is a guest at George Hastings.

Miss Lottie Estey of Warren is at W. E. Jones'.

A cornstalk, 12 feet, 9 inches high, from George Cota's farm, is on exhibition at Griffith & Niell's.

Mrs. Ida Vinton and Miss Mildred Vinton returned Saturday to their home in Somerville, Mass.

Friday evening, the high school gave a box social and promenade in library hall. About 25 were present.

Mrs. T. D. Poland has been moved to William Pratt's in South Fayston.

Mrs. Bradford Tripp, who has been a guest of Mrs. Lizzie Griffith, was called to her home in New Bedford, Mass., by the illness and death of her son's wife.

Mrs. Marietta Kelly and Frank O. Pierce, the Irasville blacksmith, were united in marriage Sunday, Sept. 5.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Ira F. Pinney, in Warren. Mr. and Mrs. Pierce have been spending the week in Bethel and will reside in Mr. Pierce's newly remodeled home, formerly the Irasville schoolhouse, upon their return.

Earle Jones enters Cornell university this fall.

## An Unkind Retort.

"You made a fool of me!" exclaimed the angry husband.  
 "Call yourself a fool if you wish, my dear," calmly rejoined his tantalizingly placid wife, "but remember that you have always claimed to be a self made man."

## Honest, Anyhow.

"So you are marrying the man of your choice?"  
 "Not exactly the man of my choice; rather the man I could get."—Detroit Free Press.

## Collection of Garbage

Householders' attention is once more called to the fact that all paper and waste material will be collected if put in barrels and placed on curbing in front of house, early in morning. Wagons will call in respective sections of the city, as follows:

Monday—South Main, Rutland's meadow, Ayers, and north side Washington.

Tuesday—South side Washington, Elm, Currier park, and vicinity.

Wednesday—From Elm to Beckley hill and all streets east of Summer.

Thursday—North Main and streets between Main and Summer and streets north of Berlin street.

Friday—All streets Berlin to Granite on West side of Main street.

Saturday—Rutland hill district, Beckley and all streets south of Granite street on west side of Main.

All garbage or soil will also be collected if placed in metal cans, with discharging covers, and placed where it can be conveniently reached.

Report any neglect in collection of waste to the health committee, city hall.

## The Small Accounts

in our bank represent one of its most solid elements of strength.

Accounts of any size are welcomed here, and the cordial attention of the bank's officials is at the service of each one of them.

## The Peoples National Bank of Barre

Worthen Block

Open Monday Evenings from 7 to 8

## UNDERSEA CRAFT.

The Strength and the Weakness of the Modern Submarine.

The chief advantages claimed for the submarine include comparative invisibility when submerged, coupled with immunity from gunfire while in that condition. It carries a weapon against which no adequate protection has been found. It presents a small and difficult target when itself assailed by torpedo attack. Other elements in its favor are low cost, handiness, seaworthiness in rough weather, comparative immunity from floating mines as well as those laid in very deep water and the possibility of use as a mine layer.

On the other hand, the submarine is handicapped by many disadvantages and limitations. Its radius of action is small. Its speed is low, about 14 knots on the surface and 10 knots submerged. The periscope is useless during darkness, and to operate at that time the vessels must therefore come to the surface, thus rendering themselves very vulnerable to the attacks of surface craft. Once the submarine's hull is damaged by gunfire, ramming or otherwise, it is no longer able to submerge, and its usefulness as a war vessel is ended until repairs can be made.

When flying at an elevation of less than 1,000 feet air craft can usually see submarines operating near the surface.—World's Work.

## SERPENT OF LERNAEA.

Scientific Basis For the Myth of the Many Headed Monster.

A noted surgeon suggests that the story of the many headed serpent of Lerna, if a myth, is yet a myth with an altogether scientific foundation. The monster was credited with anywhere from nine to 100 heads, and, according to the legend, if one was cut off another immediately grew in its place. Some averred that each head was replaced by two.

The origin of this serpent, as well as its acts and its final destruction by Hercules, are entirely fanciful, of course, but some recent juggling in biological laboratories seems to show that the ancients may have got their conceptions of its form and being from what they had actually seen. Professor T. H. Morgan, for instance, has cut off the anterior end of an earthworm and excised a piece of the central nerve cord. This left the anterior nerve ends, and a head grew from each.

Dr. Van Dyne recently went much further in the case of a marine planarian, actually developing six heads upon the creature, each with its own eyes and apparently normal in its functions.—Exchange.

## Spanish Court Customs.

There is no court in Europe more tenacious of its etiquette—which was inaugurated several hundreds of years ago—than that of Spain. It is said that King Ferdinand VII, once made a minister resign because he had accidentally touched his hand. One of the quaintest ceremonies is the closing of the royal palace gates at Madrid every night. Electric light has been in use in the palace for quite a long while, but nevertheless every evening at 11 o'clock the officiating gentlemen in waiting appears, accompanied by several servants, who carry ancient lanterns, to demand a huge key from a higher official to lock the doors of the palace. This is all the more amusing as the huge key does not fit the modern keyholes. The key is then returned to a third official, and every night gentlemen in waiting have to patrol the corridors of the palace, though sufficient guards are about, to watch over the slumbers of their royal master.

## Sir John Lubbock's Ant.

In the biography of Sir John Lubbock, later Lord Avebury, is an amusing story of the notice accorded to an odd pet in the Lubbock family. One of two illustrious queen ants, sovereign of one of the colonies upon which Sir John based his famous studies of the ways of the little creatures, attained the venerable age of fourteen years and then died. Several scientific journals spoke of her decease, and the news penetrated to France, where a distinguished French journalist, in whose mind, insufficiently acquainted with the possibilities of English orthography, ants and ants were evidently confused, offered profuse condolences to Sir John "on the loss of his aged and valued relative."

## A Matter of the Future.

"When does the last train leave for Dutherville?" asked the old lady at the ticket window.  
 "I don't know, ma'am," answered the elderly ticket agent, "but I don't suppose either of us will live long enough to take it."—Exchange.

## The Good Old Times.

At one time in Rome political offices were auctioned off in public to the highest bidder. In ancient Greece theft was not considered so much of a disgrace as being caught at it.

Our prisons are not ideal, but we have made progress in dealing with crime. There were formerly fourteen offenses in Delaware punishable by hanging. In the early history of Connecticut lying, "that foule and gross sin," was punishable with five stripes at the whipping post and confinement in stocks; people were imprisoned in awful dungeons for debt. In Rome men were sold into slavery to pay debts; creditors could tear the body of the debtor to pieces, each receiving a piece according to the size of his credit.

Today is the best day creation has ever seen. For 2,000 years the Sermon on the Mount, like heaven, has been permeating the hearts of men. At last only that which is good can endure. The fires of time burn out the dross.

There is "one faroff divine event, to which all creation moves." It is perfection—but it is not here.—Leslie's.

## Setting a Fashion.

Some years ago the coral fishers of Torre del Greco, near Naples, were in hard straits. The value of coral had fallen so low that they were no longer able to find purchasers for their harvest. At last in their despair they besought the queen to come to their aid. At the first great court ball that was held that year at the Quirinal the queen, to the surprise of all beholders, wore about her neck a collar composed of six rows of coral instead of her superb collar of pearls, and her black hair was crowned with a diadem of coral and brilliants. From that evening the mode changed. Old coral ornaments that had been hidden away for years and years were again displayed at the jewellers' and were snapped up by eager purchasers. Queen Helena's object was attained, and that court ball marked the beginning of more prosperous days for the coral fishers of Torre del Greco.

## The Chinaman's Wardrobe.

In "Home Life in China" Isaac Taylor Headland tells the following story to illustrate the conveniences of the Chinese costume:

A Chinese government representative who was new to American ways came to the home of an eminent New York banker for a week's visit. It was winter, but he came without luggage, and yet every day he appeared at dinner with a change of garments. At first his hostess wondered how he managed it, but soon she discovered that his body was his trunk and that instead of putting his clothes into his trunk he put his trunk into his clothes. His garments were like the layers of an onion, except that any layer might be worn on the outside, and as some of his gowns—for such they might be called—were of silk, lined with fur, or fur, lined with silk, he could wear them either side out at will.

## A Rare Bird.

The lowest form of bird life which exists is believed to be the kiwi, or Apteryx nanelli, of New Zealand. It is so scarce, however, that scientists consider themselves lucky to get a specimen in any condition. It is without wings or tail; its legs are short, but very strong, and are used for digging. The chief food of the bird is earthworms. The body covering is a cross between hair and feathers. The kiwi develops great speed and make a desperate fight when attacked. A peculiar characteristic is that during the day they conceal themselves under rocks or roots of trees and when at rest resemble to some extent a hedgehog when it is curled up. Efforts to breed them in captivity have utterly failed, and only a few museums can boast of specimens.

## Explained.

When he came in late he said to his waiting wife, "See the nice present I brought you."

"Where is it?"

"Here it is. A point lace handkerchief."

"Oh, isn't it beautiful?"

"Yes, it cost a dollar, marked down to 50 cents."

"My, what a horrible odor!"

"Oh, that's the scent off the dollar!"—Exchange.

## Man Eating Crocodiles.

The largest reptile in the man eating salt water crocodile of southern Asia and Australia. It measures thirty feet in length from end of nose to tip of tail.

## Tabacco Plant Seeds.

The seeds of the tobacco plant are so minute that, according to an estimate, a threefold will furnish enough plants for an acre of ground.

## New Fall Goods

Underwear, Corsets, Flannelette Goods, New Coats, New Dresses, New Waists

## SPECIALS FOR THIS WEEK

## Black and Colored Petticoats

75c Black Petticoats on sale at . . . . 50c  
 \$1.00 Black and Colored Petticoats. 75c  
 \$1.25 Black Petticoat, large sizes. \$1.00  
 \$1.50 Petticoats, latest, at \$1.19, \$1.25

## New Waists That Have Style

Another lot received by express that will please you, underpriced at . . . .  
 . . . . 98c, \$1.25, \$1.98, \$2.25  
 Lot of \$1.00 Middies to sell at . . . . 75c  
 Another lot of Children's School Dresses at . . . .  
 . . . . 50c, 98c, \$1.25, \$1.98, \$2.25, \$2.75

## Flannelette Night Robes

Better than ever—Children's Night Robes, all sizes, at . . . . 49c  
 Ladies' Night Robes, White or Colored, at . . . . 50c, 75c, \$1.00  
 Ask to see them.

CURTAINS—GREAT VALUES for this week.

Lot of Lace Curtains in 1, 2 and 3-pair lots, nearly half price. 50c, 75c, \$1.00

*The Vaughan Store*

## We Have Bed Room Furniture

with all the features desired by the most particular buyers

Chamber Suites from . . . . \$24.00 to \$85.00

Princess Dressers in Oak, Mahogany, Circassian Walnut and Brick Mahogany, from . . . . \$15.00 to \$45.00

Chiffoniers to match from . . . \$6.00 to \$40.00

AGENTS FOR "IDEAL SPRINGS" AND CROWN SILK FLOSS MATTRESSES

## A. W. Badger &amp; Co.

UNDERTAKERS EMBALMERS TELEPHONE 447-11  
 THE BEST AMBULANCE SERVICE IN THE CITY

If you haven't all the business you want, advertise in The Times.

## Walk-Over Boots For Fall

You will find displayed in our show windows those styles that experience has taught us will be mostly favored by critical judges of shoe fashions.

If you have a particular style or last in mind, or if you are unusually hard to fit, then you'll find this a mighty satisfactory boot shop, as we have just the shape and size you feet require.



**Rogers' Walk-Over Boot Shop**  
 Barre, Vermont 178 N. Main St.